### Event Food as a Tool of Sensory Marketing Communication

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# Introduction

- Thanksgiving Day turkey
- St. Martin's Day goose
- Christmas baking
- New Year's pretzels
- Lamb at Easter



## Introduction

- FruchtZwerge-Drink for 1998 FIFA world cup
- Kraft Foods chocolate for 2006 FIFA world cup
- Stabinger world cup cake for 2006 FIFA world cup
- Pulmoll world cup candies 2006



# *Fig.* 1

The "FruchtZwerge-Drink"(right) on the occasion of the FIFA world cup 1998



Source: Danone GmbH, Haar



Milka "Fußball-Mix" on the occasion of the FIFA world cup 2006





Milka "Champiolade" on the occasion of the FIFA world cup 2006



Source: Kraft Foods Germany, Bremen



#### Filled world cup cake with mascot and official FIFA logo



Source: Kalfany Bonbon GmbH & Co. KG, Müllheim



### Players

- event organizers  $\rightarrow$  event marketing
- event sponsors  $\rightarrow$  company marketing & food sales
- food producers  $\rightarrow$  company image & food sales & cross selling



## Objectives

events as a chance to present products "in a festive, emotionally charged atmosphere" (Gobé 2001)

image transfer 1: event image  $\rightarrow$  food image

image transfer 2: food image  $\rightarrow$  corporate image



## Target groups

- visitors of the event
- parties interested in the event (media audiences)
- people mainly interested in event food

(innovative food consumer)



## In-house corporate events:

- executives
- employees and their families
- key accounts
- preferred suppliers



#### Choice of products

- picking up on contemporary food trends such as healthy eating
- new sensory characteristics
  - novel flavours
  - novel sound
    - $(\rightarrow$  sweets that start to crackle when sucked)
- new symbolic system including
  - product design
  - package design
  - branding

### Choice of events

- historically established events like Christmas and Easter
- established events like world championships, Olympic Games, and festivals
- new events like anniversaries of a town
- PR events hosted by a company on anniversaries and other occasions

#### **Product-Event Affinity**

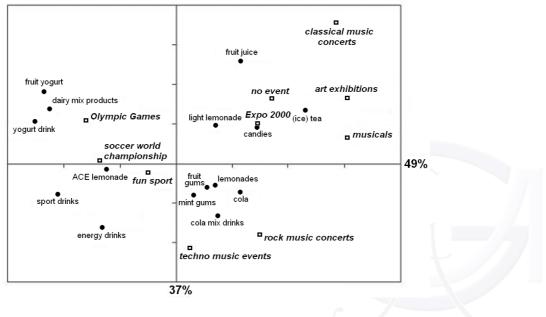
- obtaining the right product-event affinity is crucial
- initial step "event choice"  $\rightarrow$  how to find the right product
- initial step "product choice"  $\rightarrow$  how to find the right event
- Product-Event-Affinity depends on beliefs and attitudes in the target group(s). Therefore affinity can be analyzed by interviewing the target group(s).

#### **Correspondance Analysis**

- Correspondence Analysis depicts products and events in a common subspace (Greenacre 1993)
- Correspondance Analysis therefore helps to recognize and to interprete product-event affinity (Scharf & Volkmer 1999).
- The mapping presented in *Fig. 6* is based on a survey of 48 people.
- The two axis depicted explain 37 % and 49 % of the total variance
  - (13 % information loss caused by reduction to two dimensions).

#### Fig. 6

An example of product-event-affinities – Findings from a correspondence analysis



Source: Scharf and Volkmer (1999)



- product policy: novelty and suitability
  - sensory experience & outward appearance
  - storability & transportability
- distribution: catering for event visitors
  - distribution in distribution channels before
    - and while the event

#### The use of event food as a marketing mix

•	pricing:	- price level
		- price differentiation (targed groups &
		distribution channels)
		- price dynamics (price reductions after the event)
•	communication:	- point-of-event communication
		- point-of-sale communication
		- mass media communication (e.g. including
		sponsoring communication)
		- special interest media communication (life-style,
		food, media, sport media)
		1 7 3 7 19

# Summary

- Event Food is a traditional version if cause-related marketing and constitutes a growing part of our festive culture.
- Creating Event Food gives the opportunity for image transfers from event image to product image and from event food image to the company's reputation.
- Successful event food implies a balanced marketing concept: the balanced mix of product policy and branding, distribution, pricing, and communication. High product-event affinity and the combination of marketing and sensory expertise play a crucial role.
- Event food experiences can benefit to many other marketing or communication tasks.

