



**Tropical Plant Production and Agricultural Systems Modelling (TROPAGS)** Georg-August-Universität Göttingen, Department of Crop Science, Grisebachstr. 6, Göttingen





# CONTENT

- \* Mission
- Team
- ✤ Teaching
- Research







### MISSION

# Our goal is to conduct research and researchoriented training to further the understanding of the functioning of major tropical plant production systems in a changing environment.





### **TEAM**









### **TEACHING**

- Management of Tropical Plant Production Systems
- Einführung in tropische und internationale Agrarwissenschaft
- Tropical Agroecosystem Functions









### **TEACHING**

- Experimental Techniques in Tropical Agronomy
- Crop Modelling for Risk Management



Measurment of water potential and scarification experiment, summer term 2016 @Photos: E.K-D.,2016







### **RESEARCH – ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK**









## **RESEARCH FOCI**

### Assessment of climate induced risks on crop production and food security

#### Design of climate adaptation and mitigation options

### Utilizing genetic diversity and crop ideotyping to support breeding







## **RESEARCH FOCI**

# Design and development of agroecosytem models and modelling platforms

#### Crop model development and improvement

Integrated analysis of agricultural systems and food security from farm up to global scales





#### TROLL – PFAFFEN CLIMATE CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO THERMAL AND HYGRIC SEASON



















### **TROPAGS WEBPAGE**



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Key publications:

--technological innovations

Hoffmann, M.P., et al. (2016). Journal of Agronomy and Crop Science n/a-n/a. DOI:10.1111/lac.12159

Kassie, B.T., et al. (2014). Field Grops Research 160, 41-53 D01:10.1016(jtp:2014.02.010

--- climate risks

Asseng, S., et al. (2015). Nature Climate Change 5, 143-147. DOI:10.1038/nolimate2470

Rötter, R.P., et al. (2013). Ecol Evol 3, 4197-4214. DOI:10.1002/ece3.782

#### Google: Uni Göttingen TROPAGS





### **PROJECTS WITH PhD-STUDENTS**



Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung **Coffee & Cocoa -** Trade-offs and synergies in climate change adaptation and mitigation in coffee and cocoa systems



**IMPAC<sup>3</sup>** - Novel genotypes for mixed cropping allow for IMProved sustainable land use ACross arable land, grassland and woodland





### **ALEJANDRA SARMIENTO SOLER**



### **Research Topic:**

Trade-offs and synergies in climate change adaptation and mitigation in coffee and cocoa systems

Alejandra Sarmiento Soler Bogota, Kolumbien



Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung









### **OBJECTIVES**

Identifying opportunities for climate adaptation and increased resilience of coffee cultivation systems through:

- Quantification of water budgets
- Determination of coffee performance under a climate and shade gradient
- Identification of yield limiting factors



Source A. Sarmiento Soler based on SRTM (Jarvis, et al. (2008), Hole-filled SRTM for the globe Version 4 (<u>http://srtm.csi.cgiar.org</u>))



Sapflow measurements on *Cordia africana* – Mt. Elgon, Uganda





Hydrological measurements on Cordia africana and Banana – Mt. Elgon, Uganda

©Photos: A.Sar., 2015





## **ISSAKA ABDULAI**



#### **Research Topic:**

Productivity, water use and resilience to climate change of cocoa cultivation systems in Ghana

Issaka Abdulai Boaso-Bechem, Ghana



Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung









### **OBJECTIVES**

- Characterization of cocoa production systems along climate suitability transect
- Cocoa production, yield gap, plant productivity along climate gradient
- Microclimate and water use in cocoa cultivation systems



Climate suitability map (Läderach, Climatic Change, 2013)



Production system



Yield gap



Precipitation and soil water measurements - Asnakragua, Ghana



Transportation to research location – Asnakragua, Ghana





# WILLIAM NELSON



### **Research Topic:**

Resource (water, light, nutrients) use efficiency in cereal-legume intercropping systems

William Nelson London, England











### **OBJECTIVES**

- Can irrigation enhance production under extreme conditions how much water is needed?
- Can intercropping help adaptation to climate extremes in achieving reasonable yields?
- Can planting density improve performance?



millet intercropping





#### ©Photos: W.Nel./K.Schell, 2016









Field trial – Hyderabad, India

©Photos: W.Nel./K.Schell, 2016

#### Crop upper limit tent







Field Trial – Experimental Station Reinshof

©Photos: W.Nel., 2015





Soil sampling





Field trial – Niger





# **RATUNKU GABRIEL LEKALAKALA**



### **Research Topic:**

Finding opportunities for managing climate risk in highly resource constrained crop based smallholder farming system of the Limpopo basin

Gabriel Lekalaka Mokopane, Limpopo, Südafrika











### **OBJECTIVES**

Determining potential strategies for attaining resilience and adaptation in smallholder farming system to climate variability and change

- How do climate-smart practices perform at field research scale, and upscaled across different soils, climates and locations?
- Are prevailing farmers management practices climate proof?
- What are likely responses to climate adaptation measures, concerning low productivity and climate-related risk, under future climate conditions?







### **RESEARCH PROJECTS AND COOPERATIONS**





Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung









### **PALMSIM - A PLANT GROWTH MODEL**



**Hoffmann, MP.,** et al. 2014. Simulating potential growth and yield of oil palm (Elaeis guineensis) with PALMSIM: Model description, evaluation and application. Agric. Syst. 131, 1–10. doi:10.1016/j.agsy.2014.07.006





#### **SPACES – LIMPOPO LIVING LANDSCAPES**





©Photo: M.Hoffm, 2016

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University of Venda Creating Future Leaders





#### **SPACES – LIMPOPO LIVING LANDSCAPES**



3. Annual Meeting , August 2016 – Hoedspruit, South Africa



Field survey – Limpopo, South Africa





Göttingen · Campus .

### **SUMMARY OF**

## **ONGOING RESEARCH ACTIVITIES**

### **AT TROPAGS**





# **ONGOING RESEARCH PROJECTS**

- BMZ Coffee & Cocoa (Uganda, Ghana)
- IMPAC<sup>3</sup> (India, Germany)
- IPNI Cooperation (Indonesia/Southeast Asia)
- MACSUR (Europe)
- SUSTAg (Europe)
- AgMIP (Global)
- SPACES-LLL (South Africa)





#### **METHODOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND APPLICATION**

# Model aided ideotyping of climate resilient crop cultivars



Souce: Rötter RP., et al. 2015 (JEXBOT)







#### MACSUR/AGMIP

# Experimentation to improve models for better quantification of extreme weather effects



©Photos: E.Fi., B.Bo, 2016



#### Why wheat experiments?

- one of the most important cereals in Europe and worldwide
- particularly sensitive to high temperatures during reproduction phase (flowering & grain filling)

#### Why heat and drought stress?

- ☆ increased occurence of days with temperatures ≥ 35 °C during the most sensitive development stage (reproduction phase) due to climate change
- possible effects on yield





#### EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE (MEANS AND VARIABILITY), CO<sub>2</sub> AND CULTIVATION PRACTICES ON CEREAL PRODUCTION







### INTEGRIERTE REGIONALE STUDIEN ZUR KLIMAANPASSUNG



Vielfältige Bewertungsansätze von **Anpassungsmöglichkeiten** - eine Richtung ist die Aufstufung von mildernden Anpassungsoptionen von der Betriebsebene über regionale/nationale zu supranationalen Skalen - auch unter Berücksichtigung anderer Nachhaltigkeitsziele (siehe zB. www.mtt.fi/modags/)



Mehrere Zielführungen im Rahmen alternativer Management- / Ag-Technologien Source: www.macsur.eu





### GREATER PRODUCTION DAMAGE FROM MORE RECENT DROUGHTS – EL NINO 2015/16 IN SA



Figure 5 | A temporal analysis of the influence of drought. **a**, **b**, Production composites for earlier (1964–1984, n = 126) (**a**) and later (1985–2007, n = 121) (**b**) droughts, with boxplots of 100 respective control composites. In later instances, mean drought-year production losses were greater (13.7%) than in earlier instances (6.7%; P = 0.008, Kruskal–Wallis test). (Source: Lesk et al. 2016, Nature)

#### EWASYS - Decision Support System



(Source: Rötter RP., Hoffmann MP., et al 2016 submitted)







### PLANNED RESEARCH TOPICS TROPAGS 2017/18

- Topic 1: Climate risks and impact of extremes on crop production
- Topic 2: Climate change adaptation and mitigation options
- **Topic 3:** Utilizing genetic diversity and crop ideotyping to support breeding
- Topic 4: Smallholder food crop systems (cereals, legumes)
- Topic 5: Tropical perennial systems (cocoa, coffee, oil palm)
- Topic 6: Design and development of new crop model components and modelling frameworks
- Topic 7: Crop model improvement, evaluation and uncertainty analysis
- Topic 8: Integrated assessment and modelling (IAM) of agrifood systems





#### **RESEARCH PROJECTS ON TOPIC ...**

- 1+7: MACSUR
  /AgMIP
  Experimentation on heat and drought stress & publication of various
  special issues, e.g. "Crop impacts of climatic extremes" ; assessment of uncertainties in impact modelling
- 1+2: ClimBar Model aided ideotyping of climate resilient barley cultivars
- S: IMPAC3 Modelling genetic diversity and ecosystem services of intercropping follow-up
- 4: SPACES-LLL Completion and conductance of Master and PhD thesis on soil cultivation and soil carbon; food security; integration of results from subprojects; ENAFRICA Sustainable management of smallholder cassava production systems Ghana
- 6: SPACES-LLL Development of data platform CropM for large scale yield estimation;
  follow-ups Early warning system for droughts and evaluation system for adaptation measures
- 8: LUSci Land Use Science participation/design UGOE research cluster



Teff cultivation-Ziway, Ethiopia



Teff threshing – Ziway, Ethiopia



Coffee farm – Mt. Elgon, Uganda



Low-input systems in semi-arid eastern Kenya







Field trial with grain legumes – Machakos Kenya

©Photo: A.Senn., 2013



Low-Input maize system – Limpopo, South Africa





6th June 2015

<image>



Cocao – Ghana

28th July 2015

19th August 2015

©Photos: I.Abd., 2012



Cocoa harvest and extraction of cocoa beans for fermentation – Akumadan, Ghana



Cowpea in field trial –Hyderabad, India



Cowpea/pearl millet intercropping, field trial – Hyderabad India



Pearl millet field trial; scaring away birds with drums – Hyderabad, India



IRRI, Rice trial plots – Los Banos, Philippines

©Photo: RPR, 2002



Heat stress trial with sorghum – Greenhouse /DNPW Uni Göttingen



#### Heat stress trial with sorghum – Greenhouse /DNPW Uni Göttingen







Leaf area measurement

Photosysnthesis measurements

Plants during drought stress

Drought stress trial with sorghum – Greenhouse /DNPW Uni Göttingen

©Photo: B.Bo., 2016





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Alejandra





https://www.uni-goettingen.de/de/106511.html